Research

The Bumble bees and Cuckoo bees (Bombini, Apoidea) of the Western Bieszczady Mts. and the Beskid Niski Mts.

## Andrzej Kosior, Jan Fijal, Wiesław Król, Piotr Płonka, Andrzej Kalemba, Joanna Korzeniak

Institute of Nature Conservation, Polish Academy of Sciences *Mickiewicza 33, 31-120 Kraków, Poland, e-mail: kosior@iop.krakow.pl* 

## **Abstract**

The paper presents the results of a multi-year study on species composition and numbers of bumble bees and cuckoo bees *Bombini*, conducted in the period 1968-2002 in the Beskid Niski Mts., Western Bieszczady Mts., and a "Transition Zone" between them. In all, 24 bumble-bee species and 9 cuckoo bees representing 77.5 % and 90.0 %, respectively, of the total number of these species recorded in Poland. In terms of the *Bombini* species, the greatest number were found in the the Western Bieszczady Mts. (31), with a lower number found in the Beskid Niski (25), whereas the "Transition Zone" had the smallest number (16). Six species were deemed new for the Beskid Niski Mts. and 5 for the Western Bieszczady Mts. Four rare species of bumble bees have probably become extinct, including *B. muscorum* in the Beskid Niski Mts. as well as *B. confusus*, *B. cryptarum*, and *B. humilis* in the Western Bieszczady Mts., while 15 other species are threatened with extinction.

## Key words

*Bombini*, species composition and numbers, threats, feeding plants, Beskid Niski Mts., Western Bieszczady Mts., Polish Carpathians